



SWITZERLAND

Region: Europe and Central Asia

Income Category: High Income



Human capital – knowledge, skills, and good health – empowers people to achieve their potential and drives economic growth. This brief tracks progress by Switzerland in building and using human capital. The Human Capital Complementary Indicators offer a snapshot of human capital investments at four stages of the lifecycle. The figures show the latest available data, benchmarked against regional averages. The figures also report progress over the previous 5 years.

EARLY CHILDHOOD

- **Neonatal mortality rate.** The neonatal mortality rate is **3** per 1,000 live births (2022). This remains unchanged since 2017. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Participation rate in organized learning.** In 2020, **100%** of children one year younger than the official primary school entry age participated in an organized learning program, compared to 99% in 2015. The indicator is above the regional average.
- **DTP vaccination rate, third dose.** In 2023, **95%** of infants received the third dose of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine, compared to 96% in 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

SCHOOL AGE

- **Child mortality rate.** The mortality rate for children ages 5-14 is **1** per 1,000 children aged 5 (2022). This remains unchanged since 2017. The indicator is similar to the regional average.
- **Primary school completion rate.** The primary school completion rate is **95%** (by the official entrance age of the last grade) (2022). This remains unchanged since 2017. The indicator is below the regional average.
- **Net school enrollment rate, lower secondary.** The percentage of lower secondary school-aged children enrolled is **100%** (2022). This remains unchanged since 2017. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

YOUTH

- **Adolescent fertility rate.** The number of births for every 1,000 women ages 15-19 is **2** (2022), compared to 3 in 2017. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Youth not in employment, education or training.** In 2023, **7%** of youth (ages 15-24) were not in employment, education or training, compared to 8% in 2018. The indicator is below the regional average.
- **Upper secondary school completion rate.** The upper secondary completion rate is **93%** (at ages 3-5 years above the intended age for the last grade of that level) (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

ADULTS

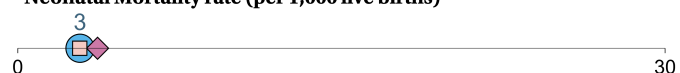
- **Female labor force participation rate.** Female labor force participation as a percentage of the female working-age population (ages 25+) is **61%** (2023), compared to 62% in 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- **Life expectancy at birth.** Life expectancy at birth is **83** years (2022), compared to 84 in 2017. The indicator is above the regional average.
- **Adult unemployment rate.** Unemployed adults as a share of the adult labor force (ages 25+) is **4%** (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

HUMAN CAPITAL COMPLEMENTARY INDICATORS

● Latest available data for Switzerland (CHE)
 ■ CHE approx. 5 years before ◆ Average for Europe & Central Asia

EARLY CHILDHOOD

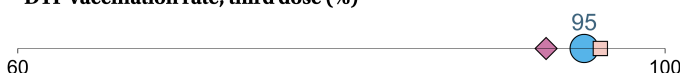
Neonatal Mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)



Participation rate in organized learning (%)

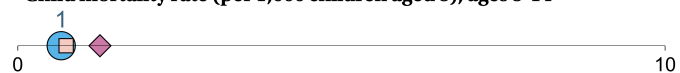


DTP vaccination rate, third dose (%)

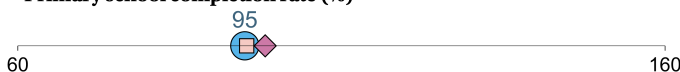


SCHOOL AGE

Child mortality rate (per 1,000 children aged 5), ages 5-14



Primary school completion rate (%)

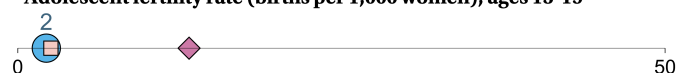


Net school enrollment rate, lower secondary (%)



YOUTH

Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women), ages 15-19



Youth not in employment, education or training (%)

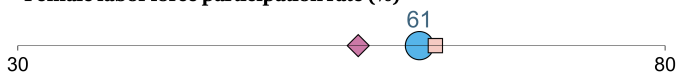


Upper secondary school completion rate (%)

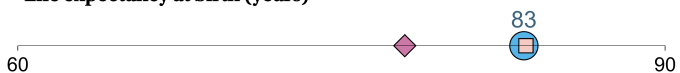


ADULTS

Female labor force participation rate (%)



Life expectancy at birth (years)



Adult unemployment rate (%)



Note: Missing symbols indicate internationally comparable data are not available to generate the corresponding statistic.

