<u>CÔTE D'IVOIRE</u>

Region: Sub-Saharan Africa

Income Category: Lower Middle Income



Human capital – knowledge, skills, and good health – empowers people to achieve their potential and drives economic growth. This brief tracks progress by Côte d'Ivoire in building and using human capital. The Human Capital Complementary Indicators offer a snapshot of human capital investments at four stages of the lifecycle. The figures show the latest available data, benchmarked against regional averages. The figures also report progress over the previous 5 years.

EARLY CHILDHOOD

- Neonatal mortality rate. The neonatal mortality rate is **29** per 1,000 live births (2022), compared to 31 in 2017. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- Participation rate in organized learning. In 2021, 23% of children one year younger than the official primary school entry age participated in an organized learning program, compared to 21% in 2016. The indicator is below the regional average.
- **DTP vaccination rate, third dose.** In 2023, **79%** of infants received the third dose of the diphtheria, tetanus and pertussis vaccine, compared to 83% in 2018. The indicator is similar to the regional average.

SCHOOL AGE

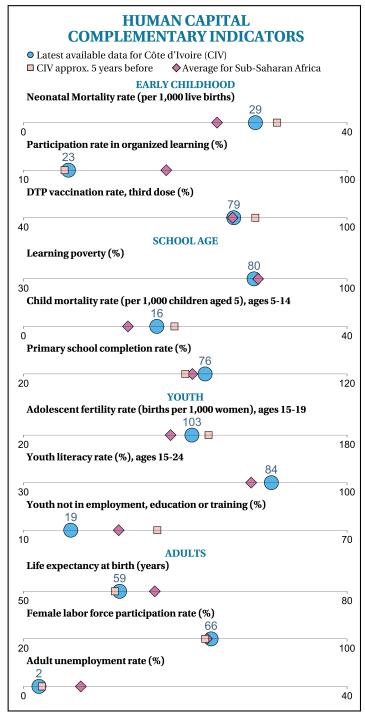
- Learning poverty. In 2019, 80% of children could not read and understand a simple text, by age 10. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- **Child mortality rate.** The mortality rate for children ages 5-14 is **16** per 1,000 children aged 5 (2022), compared to 19 in 2017. The indicator is above the regional average.
- **Primary school completion rate.** The primary school completion rate is **76%** (by the official entrance age of the last grade) (2023), compared to 70% in 2018. The indicator is higher than the regional average.

YOUTH

- Adolescent fertility rate. The number of births for every 1,000 women ages 15-19 is 103 (2022), compared to 112 in 2017. The indicator is higher than the regional average.
- Youth literacy rate. The share of youth (ages 15-24) who are literate is **84%** (2019). The indicator is above the regional average.
- Youth not in employment, education or training. In 2022, 19% of youth (ages 15-24) were not in employment, education or training, compared to 35% in 2017. The indicator is lower than the regional average.

ADULTS

- Life expectancy at birth. Life expectancy at birth is 59 years (2022), compared to 58 in 2017. The indicator is lower than the regional average.
- Female labor force participation rate. Female labor force participation as a percentage of the female working-age population (ages 25+) is 66% (2023), compared to 65% in 2018. The indicator is above the regional average.
- Adult unemployment rate. Unemployed adults as a share of the adult labor force (ages 25+) is 2% (2023). This remains unchanged since 2018. The indicator is lower than the regional average.



Note: Missing symbols indicate internationally comparable data are not available to generate the corresponding statistic.